# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name TALOSTONE® - MINERAL SURFACES - MINQ® ZERO PRODUCTS

**Synonyms** 

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Uses MINERAL SURFACES

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name TALOSTONE PTY LTD

Address 97 Jedda Road, Preston, NSW, 2170, AUSTRALIA

**Telephone** 02 8783 0600

Emailinfo@talostone.com.auWebsitehttps://talostone.com.au/

1.4 Emergency telephone numbers

**Emergency** (0)405 451 858

1.7 Details of alternative suppliers of the product

Supplier name TALOSTONE PTY LTD (VIC)

16 Furlong St, Carnbourne West, VIC, 3977, AUSTRALIA

Page 1 of 7

Phone: (03) 9113 2277 Emergency: 0405 451 858 info@talostone.com.au https://talostone.com.au/

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

**Physical Hazards** 

Not classified as a Physical Hazard

**Health Hazards** 

Carcinogenicity: Category 1A

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Category 2

**Environmental Hazards** 

Not classified as an Environmental Hazard

2.2 GHS Label elements

Signal word DANGER

**Pictograms** 





SDS Date: 28 Jun 2024

Revision No: 2.1

**Hazard statements** 

H350i May cause cancer by inhalation.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Prevention statements** 

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response statements

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Storage statements

P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal statements** 

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.

### 2.3 Other hazards

The solid product as supplied is classified as non-hazardous under normal conditions and does not present an inhalation, ingestion, skin, or eye hazard. However, dust created when the product is cut, grinded or machined may cause mechanical irritation and may contain crystalline silica, some of which may be respirable. Repeated exposure to respirable crystalline silica dust may cause lung fibrosis (silicosis). NOTE: The classifications provided are reflective of the product once dust is generated. Adequate ventilation and wet processes are recommended to keep exposure to airborne dust below acceptable limits.

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
PIGMENT(S)	-	-	Remainder
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7	236-675-5	<3%
CRISTOBALITE	14464-46-1	238-455-4	<1%
QUARTZ (CRYSTALLINE SILICA)	14808-60-7	238-878-4	<1%
1,3-ISOBENZOFURANDIONE, POLYMER WITH 2,5-FURANDIONE AND 2,2'-OXYBIS[ETHANOL]	26123-45-5	-	Not Available
TRIDYMITE	15468-32-3	-	Not Available
GLASS	-	-	<85%
POLYESTER RESIN(S)	-	-	<18%
ADDITIVE(S)	-	-	<1%

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye (Dust exposure) If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing

until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

**Inhalation** Exposure is considered unlikely. Due to product form / nature of use, an inhalation hazard is not anticipated.

(Dust exposure) If inhaled remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

**Skin** (Dust exposure) Gently flush affected areas with water. Seek medical attention if irritation develops.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). Due to

product form and application, ingestion is considered unlikely.

**First aid facilities** Eye wash facilities and safety shower should be available.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Repeated exposure to crystalline silica may result in lung fibrosis (silicosis). Principal symptoms of silicosis are coughing and breathlessness. Crystalline silica is classified as carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 1). However, due to the product form (solid bench-top), over exposure via inhalation is not anticipated with normal use, unless cutting, grinding, machining, etc dry/set product.

### 4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.



SDS Date: 28 Jun 2024 Revision No: 2.1

Page 2 of 7

# 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases if strongly heated. May evolve silicon compounds, carbon oxides, titanium oxides, metal oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition. Dust may form combustible mixtures with air.

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

No fire or explosion hazard exists.

### 5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

#### 6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Moisten with water to prevent a dust hazard and place in sealable containers for disposal or reuse.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled and protected from physical damage when not in use. Suppress dust with water if stored in bulk.

## 7.3 Specific end uses

No information provided.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1 Control parameters

# **Exposure standards**

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
Ingredient		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Cristobalite (respirable dust)	SWA [AUS]		0.05		
Quartz (respirable dust)	SWA [AUS]		0.05		
Quartz (respirable dust) (Precautionary advice)	WorkSafe VIC		0.02		
Titanium dioxide (a)	SWA [AUS]		10		
Titanium dioxide (inhalable)	SWA [Proposed]		1		
Tridymite (respirable dust)	SWA [AUS]		0.05		

#### **Biological limits**

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.



SDS Date: 28 Jun 2024 Revision No: 2.1

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction

ventilation is recommended. Wet where possible. Maintain dust levels below the recommended exposure

standard.

PPE

Eye / Face If cutting or sanding with potential for dust generation, wear dust-proof goggles.

**Hands** Wear leather or cotton gloves.

**Body** Wear safety boots.

**Respiratory** If cutting or sanding with potential for dust generation, wear a Class P2 (particulate) / N95 respirator.





## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance COLOURED SOLID** Odour **ODOURLESS Flammability** NON FLAMMABLE Flash point **NOT RELEVANT Boiling point NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE Melting point Evaporation rate NOT AVAILABLE** рΗ **NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE** Vapour density

Relative density 2.30

**NOT AVAILABLE** Solubility (water) **NOT AVAILABLE** Vapour pressure NOT RELEVANT Upper explosion limit Lower explosion limit NOT RELEVANT **Partition coefficient NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE Autoignition temperature NOT AVAILABLE** Decomposition temperature **NOT AVAILABLE** Viscosity **NOT AVAILABLE Explosive properties NOT AVAILABLE** Oxidising properties **NOT AVAILABLE Odour threshold** 

9.2 Other information

Bulk density 2360 kg/m³ (Approximately)

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

# 10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation is not expected to occur.

# 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid shock, friction and heavy impact.

# 10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with strong acids (e.g. hydrochloric acid).



SDS Date: 28 Jun 2024 Revision No: 2.1

Page 4 of 7

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve silicon compounds, carbon oxides, titanium oxides, metal oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information available for the ingredients:

Ingredient	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	5000 mg/kg (rat)		3.43 - 6.82 mg/L air (rat)

Skin Contact may result in mechanical irritation, redness, rash and dermatitis.

Eye Contact may result in mechanical irritation, lacrimation and redness.

**Sensitisation** Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.

**Mutagenicity** Not classified as a mutagen.

**Carcinogenicity** The solid product as supplied is classified as non-hazardous under normal conditions. However, hazards are

associated with processing, including the fabrication workshop and upon installing and removing/demolishing slabs. Operations such as cutting, drilling, sawing, routing, grinding, chipping, polishing, sanding etc. can generate dust, and adequate ventilation and wet processes are recommended to keep exposure to airborne dust below acceptable limits. Dust created when the product is cut, grinded and machined may contain crystalline silica some of which may be respirable (particles small enough to go into deep parts of the lung when breathed in). Crystalline silica is classified as carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 1). However, there is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis. Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk. Titanium dioxide is classified as

possibly carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 2B).

**Reproductive** Not classified as a reproductive toxin.

STOT - single exposure

Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, with coughing.

STOT - repeated exposure

The solid product as supplied is classified as non-hazardous under normal conditions. However, hazards are associated with processing, including the fabrication workshop and upon installing and removing/demolishing slabs. Operations such as cutting, drilling, sawing, routing, grinding, chipping, polishing, sanding etc. can generate dust, and adequate ventilation and wet processes are recommended to keep exposure to airborne dust below acceptable limits. Dust created when the product is cut, grinded and machined may contain crystalline silica some of which may be respirable (particles small enough to go into deep parts of the lung when breathed in). Repeated overexposure to crystalline silica for extended periods may result in silicosis.

Repeated exposure to titanium dioxide may result in slight lung fibrosis.

**Aspiration** This product does not present an aspiration hazard.

### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 12.1 Toxicity

The substance is inert and there is no evidence of significant toxicity.

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Being inorganic, the substance will not biodegrade.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

The substance is inert and will not be absorbed and accumulate in tissues.

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

# 12.5 Other adverse effects

The main component/s of this product are not anticipated to cause any adverse effects to plants or animals.

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Reuse where possible. No special precautions are normally required when handling this product.

**Legislation** Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

ChemAlert.

SDS Date: 28 Jun 2024 Revision No: 2.1

Page 5 of 7

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.
14.3 Transport hazard class	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.
14.4 Packing Group	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

No information provided.

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None allocated.

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safe Work Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals (GHS Revision 7).

Inventory listings AUSTRALIA: AllC (Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals)

All components are listed on AIIC, or are exempt.

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### **Additional information**

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as form of product, method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

# HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: form of product; frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.



SDS Date: 28 Jun 2024 Revision No: 2.1

Page 6 of 7

Abbreviations ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

### Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

Prepared by

Risk Management Technologies 5 Ventnor Ave, West Perth Western Australia 6005 Phone: +61 8 9322 1711 Fax: +61 8 9322 1794 Email: info@rmt.com.au Web: www.rmtglobal.com

[ End of SDS ]

Page 7 of 7



SDS Date: 28 Jun 2024

Revision No: 2.1